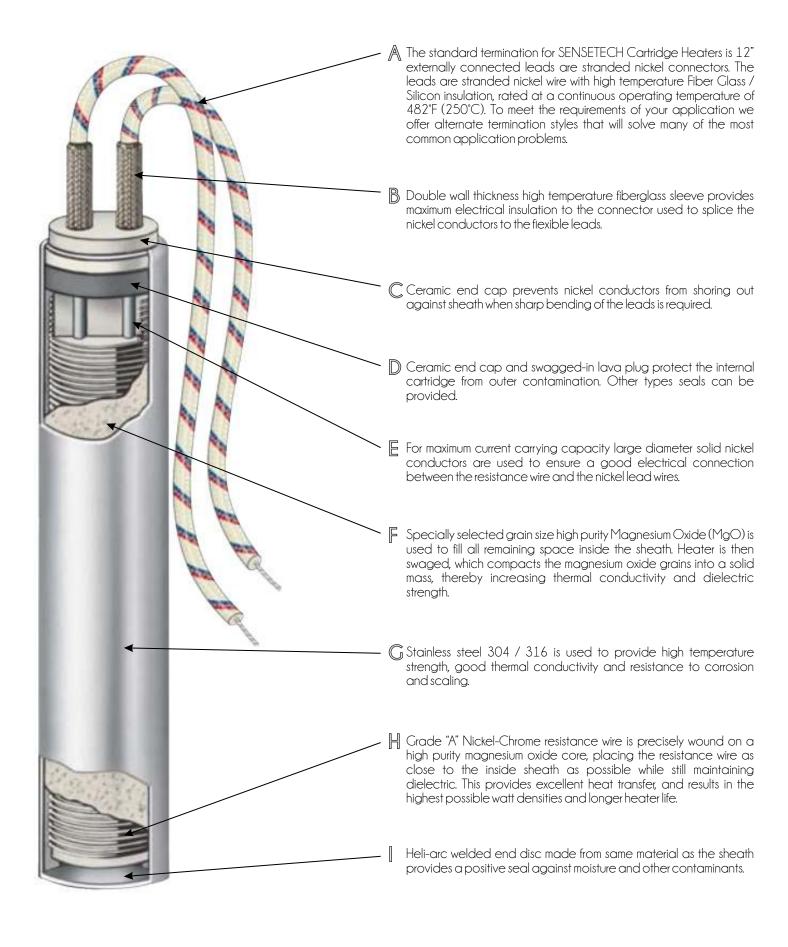


CARTRIDGE HEATERS







CARTRIDGE HEATERS

Description

- Cartridge heaters are some of the most versatile heaters of its kind.
- It is available in various specifications and dimension suitable for different applications.
- · Sensing Technology Corporation manufactures and delivers the most diverse
 - cartridge heater to its large clientele, i.e. the leading industrial manufacturers in the country.
- Sensing Technology Corporation customizes cartridge heaters using premium materials, automated machineries and tight manufacturing controls.
- Manufacturing processes conform to stringent procedures to ensure quality and reliability into the products.

Heater Watt Density

- · Cartridge Heater Watt Density is defined as the wattage dissipated per square centimeter of the heated sheath surface.
- · For a particular application, a heater watt density governs internal resistance wire temperature, which in turn determines the outer sheath temperature
- These factors are critical to the proper heating and life expectancy of the heater.
- · It is always advisable to use heaters that have watt densities below the maximum recommended watt density to get the longest heater
- · For most general applications, it is recommended not to exceed a watt density of 20 watts / cm.

Operating Temperature

- · A major factor in determining the life expectancy of a heating element is its operating temperature.
- The heater depends on the actual temperature of the resistance wire within the heater and not on the process operating temperature.
- A lower heater watt density is recommended when applications require high operating temperature.

· Semiconductor

· Hot plates

 Sealing · Fluid heating

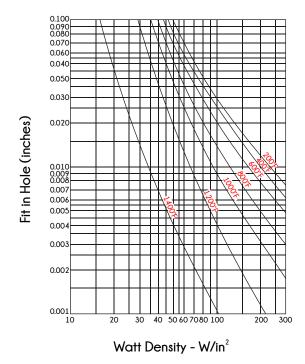
Application

- Molds and dies
- Food processing
- Plastic molding
- Packaging equipment
- · Hot stamping
- Plastic extruders
- Hot runner molds
- · Medical Equipment
- · Shoe Machinery

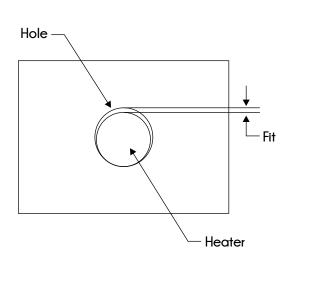
Determining Fit

- At high watt densities, a close fit is an important factor in determining the life expectancy of the heater.
- · The fit is the difference between the heater diameter and diameter of the hole.
- · A good fit is usually between 0.07mm to 0.15mm.



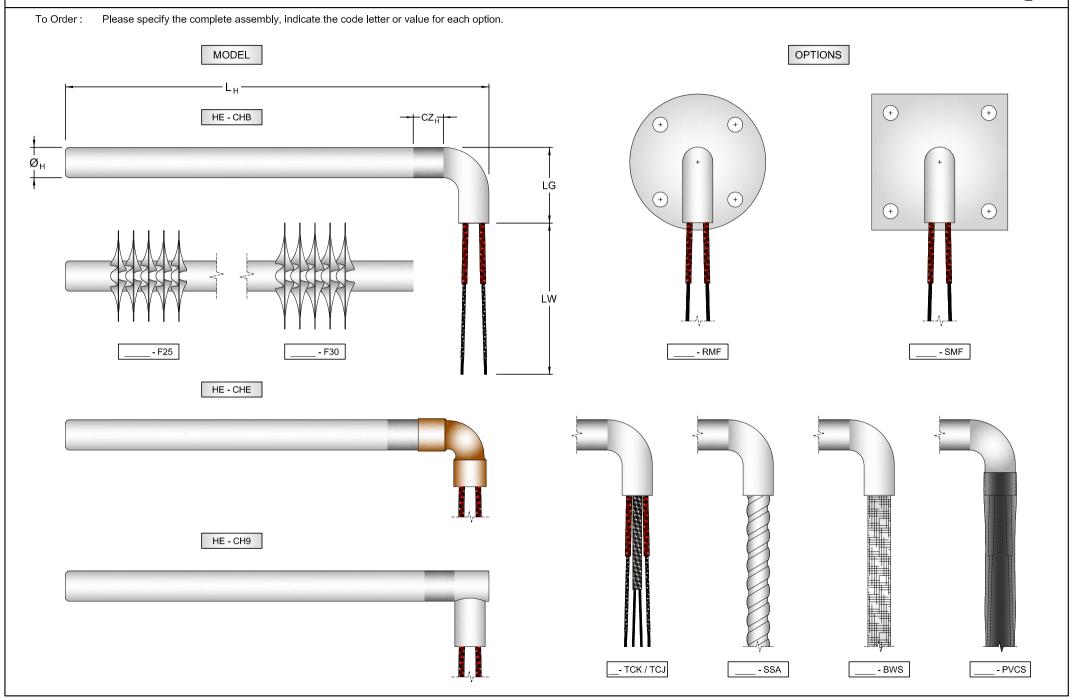


Determining Fit



BENDED / 90° BEND, CARTRIDGE HEATER DESIGN AND OPTIONS





BENDED / 90° BEND, CARTRIDGE HEATER ORDER CODE TABLE



To Order: Please specify the complete assembly, indicate the code letter or value for each option.

Model	Length - L _H	Cold Zone - CZ _H	Diameter - Ø _H	Sheath	Lag Length-LG	Wattage	Supply	Leadwire - LW	Option	Size
				S4						

Description Heater, Bended Exit				
·				
11 1 D 1 11451 E: 0005				
Cartridge Heater, Bended With Fins - Ø 25mm				
Cartridge Heater, Bended With Fins - Ø 30mm				
Cartridge Heater, Elbow				
Cartridge Heater, Elbow With Fins - Ø 25mm				
Cartridge Heater, Elbow With Fins - Ø 30mm				
Cartridge Heater, 90° Exit				
Cartridge Heater, 90° With Fins - Ø 25mm				
e Heater, 90°With Fins - Ø 30mm				

0	Description					
TCK	Type K, Thermocouple, Built In					
TCJ	Type J, Thermocouple, Built In					
RMF	Round Mounting Flange	eg Ø18mm				
SMF	Square Mounting Flange	eg 20mm				
SSA	Stainless Steel Armour	eg Ø9.5mm				
BWS	Braided Wire Sleeve					
PVCS	PVC Shrinkable Sleeve	-				

Example:

HE - CH9	220	25	12	S4	35	850	220	500	BWS
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- Cartridge Heater, 90° Exit
- 220mm..... Length
- 25mm...... Cold Zone
- 12mm..... Diameter
- SS304... Sheath Material
- 35mm..... Lag Length
- 850 Watts..... Wattage
- 220 VAC...... Supply
- 500mm..... Lead Wire
- BWS... Braided Wire Sleeve